



United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/802,821	03/09/2001	Akira Sakaigawa	55702 (70840)	6625
21874 7	590 05/10/2004		EXAMINER	
EDWARDS & ANGELL, LLP			LESPERANCE, JEAN E	
P.O. BOX 55874 BOSTON, MA 02205			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
•			2674	ପ
			DATE MAILED: 05/10/2004	, (

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

1

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Cummons	09/802,821	SAKAIGAWA ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
The MAN INC DATE of this communication	Jean E Lesperance	2674	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) dill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS frocause the application to become ABANDO	timely filed ays will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 N</u>	<u>farch 2001</u> .		
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Thi	s action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under <i>t</i>	nce except for formal matters, Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11,	prosecution as to the merits is 453 O.G. 213.	S
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	in from consideration.		
<u></u>			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected. 7)□ Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	alaction requirement		
Application Papers	election requirement.		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner			
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 09 March 2001 is/are: a	⊠ accepted or b) objected to I	by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance.	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapp	roved by the Examiner.	
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	ly to this Office action.		
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Applica	tion No	
Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Burn * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the company of the compa	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	_	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	·		
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic			on).
 a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language prov 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic 			
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 5.		ry (PTO-413) Paper No(s) I Patent Application (PTO-152)	
6. Patent and Trademark Office FO-326 (Rev. 04-01) Office Act	ion Summary	Part of Paner No.	— — 7

Application/Control Number: 09/802,821

Art Unit: 2674

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-10 are presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent # 5,666,173 ("Mase et al.") in view of U.S. Patent # 6,195,147 ("Asao et al").

As for claim 1, Mase et al. teach a pair of substrates (column 21, line 43); a liquid crystal layer provided between the pair of substrates and formed of a liquid crystal material in which an aligning direction of liquid crystal molecules changes in accordance with a voltage applied thereto (column 4, line 11); a plurality of first electrodes provided on one of the pair of substrates Fig.24 (302); and at least one second electrode provided on the other of the pair of substrates Fig.24 (304), wherein: one picture frame has a period of 11.11 msec, and a set of three picture frames has 33.33 msec (column 12, lines 26-27) corresponding to a frame period for applying a signal to the liquid crystal layer includes: a first period (column 12, lines 28 and 29) in which a voltage is applied to the at least one second electrode, and a write signal (column 12, line 24) for writing information to the liquid crystal layer is applied to one of the plurality of first

'Application/Control Number: 09/802,821

Art Unit: 2674

electrodes, and a second period (column 12, line 31) in which a voltage is applied to the at least one second electrode. Accordingly, Mase et al. teach all the claimed limitations as recited in claim 1 with the exception of providing a reset signal.

However, Asao et al. teach a previous display state is a W state and is completely reset into, and held at a B state with a pulse width of at least delta t3 (column 27, lines 2-4) corresponding to a reset signal for deleting the information written in the liquid crystal layer in the first period is applied to the one of the plurality of first electrodes.

It would have been obvious to utilize the reset signal as taught by Asao et al. in the electro-optical device disclosed by Mase et al. because this would provide a means for orienting the liquid crystal composition at least in an initial stage.

As for claim 2, Asao et al. teach after the writing pulse delta t, an auxiliary pulse of an opposite polarity or a reset pulse side is set (column 26, lines 31-32) corresponding to a voltage of the reset signal has a polarity which is opposite to a polarity of a voltage of the write signal.

As for claims 3 and 4, Asao et al. teach as shown in Fig.12 that the peak value of W is equal to the peak value of B corresponding to the reset signal has a peak value which is substantially equal to a peak value of the write signal and a product of a peak value of the write signal and an application period of the write signal is substantially equal to a product of a peak value of the reset signal and an application period of the reset signal.

'Application/Control Number: 09/802,821

Art Unit: 2674

As for claim 5, Asao et al. teach a layer of a liquid crystal material 61 having a spontaneous polarization are sandwiched between an active matrix substrate or plate 30.....(column 28, lines 50-56) corresponding to the liquid crystal material having spontaneous polarization.

As for claim 6, Asao et al. teach the liquid crystal 11 may preferably be of a liquid crystal material, such as a chiral smectic liquid crystal showing ferroelectricity or antiferroelectricity (column 7, lines 26-28) corresponding to the liquid crystal material is a smectic liquid crystal material.

As for claim 7, Asao et al. teach the darkest state, respectively, was performed under a condition that the cell position relative to the polarizer was fixed to provide the darkest state in an effective drive region of the cell under no electric field application (column 48, lines 16-21) corresponding to when no voltage is applied to the liquid crystal layer, the liquid crystal molecules of the smectic liquid crystal material are aligned so as to provide a darkest display.

As for claim 8, Asao et al. teach the liquid crystal layer 11 may preferably include a plurality of effective drive regions apart from each other wherein an electric field depending on the switching signal from a signal supply is applied to the prescribed effective drive regions via the electrodes 13a and 13 b to effect switching thus optically modulating light passing through the liquid crystal layer 11 to provide bright and dark states (column 20, lines 51-58) corresponding to when no voltage is applied to the liquid crystal layer, the liquid crystal material are in one stable state; and when a voltage is applied to the liquid crystal layer, the liquid crystal

'Application/Control Number: 09/802,821

Art Unit: 2674

molecules are put into another state in accordance with a polarity and a value of the voltage.

As for claim 9, Asao et al. teach the chiral smectic liquid crystal develops bistable states showing a memory characterictic (column 1, lines 48-50) corresponding to the liquid crystal material has a bistable state.

As for claim 10, Asao et al. teach a pixel electrode Fig.19 (95) corresponding to at least one of the plurality of first electrodes is a pixel electrode, the pixel electrode is connected to an active element corresponding thereto, and (Fig.19) corresponding to the active element is connected to a source electrode and a gate electrode which substantially cross each other, and the active element is provided in the vicinity of an intersection of the source electrode and the gate electrode.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jean Lesperance whose telephone number is (703) 308-6413. The examiner can normally be reached on from Monday to Friday between 8:OOAM and 4:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Hjerpe, can be reached on (703) 305-4709.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

Page 6

Art Unit: 2674

or faxed to:

(703) 872-9314 (for Technology Center 2600 only)

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal drive, Arlington, VA, Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

Jean Lesperance

Date 5-3-200**4**

Art Unit 2674

RICHARD HJERPE

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
FECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600